STATE DEMOCRATIO TICKET. For Governor. GEN. JOHNSON HAGOOD. For Lieutenant-Governor. GEN. J. D. KENNEDY. For Comp.roller General. For Secretary of State, Cor. R. M. SIMS, For Attorney General. Gen. LEROY F. YOUMANS. For Superintendent of Education, MAJ. HUGH S. THOMPSON. For Adjutant and Inspector General

GEN, ARTHUR M. MANIGAULT. For State Treasurer. COL. J. P RICHARDSON. For Pres Intial Electors. At Large-Hon. John L. Manning, Col

First District-Gen. E. W. Moise. Second District-Hon. C. H. Simonton. Third District-J. S. Murray, Esq. Fourth District-Col. Cad. Jones. Fifth District-Hon. G. W. Croft.

General Grant ought to be sent South to canvass for Carfield. He did not make a success canvassing for himself. Perhaps he can can do better for some

The Republicans speak of sending Gen, Grant down South to canvass for Garfield. It is a good idea. The General has never been voted as a good speaker. if he ever expects to become an orator.

Some Northern Republicans desire to have Gen. Garfield canvass the South in person. We hope their counsels will prevail, for while he would certainly be treated personally with every consideration he would find it necessary to take up most of his time in defending his own

General Rosencrans does not seem to fear the influence of the rebel brigadiers over Hancock if he should be elected President, The General is enthusiastic for Hancock, although Garfield was the Adjutant-General on his staff. He represents the whole Pacific coast as ablaze with enthusiasm for the Democratic

success. Our people begin to realize that we will have a contest this fall and, from this time on the campaign will be kept red hot. Every person who can go to Williamston to-day should do so to question. The Governor will have to increase the attendence and enthusiasm of the meeting.

become a candidate for the House of ernor and make the appointments. It Representatives from Abbeville, has not ceased to take an active part in the cam- State a very plain case, and we have no paign, and his influence and zeal will be doubt it will be speedily settled. In the success of the Democratic party in the hard to get a Court competent to try it County of abbeville and of the entire as is to be found in any case. State. The General leaves politics after four years of able and efficient service, during an eventful period of our State's history. He carries with him the wellwishes of his many friends, and the gratitude of an appreciative constituency.

The State meeting at Anderson on the 9th of September will be addressed by Senators Hampton and Butler and the State cominces, together with General to answer, and thus we me on in a battle of words.

The Democracy of the Common of the Com

Win. Hood, J. C. Maxwell, M. L. Boninne, Jr., m. L. White, and Judges MoGowan and Thompson, all in favor of
the enterprise. The vote is to be taken
some time soon, and the friends of the
measure are sanguine of success.

Gen. Carfield has defied the precedents
set him by every preceding candidate
for the Presidency of the United States
by dimself making public speeches adty vocating the claims of the Republican
party to popular favor, which is only an
other form of begging the people to elect
him Frest Nat. Herototore candidates
for this exacted office have at least affect
and to regard it as too high an honor—too
secred a treat to be the subject of personal solicitation. The great fathers of
the Republic Inculcated the idea that
this office was pre-entinently one which
should seither be senght or declined,
and the same who would have gusimmy Jr., m. L. White, and Judges MoGowan and Thompson, all in favor of
the enterprise. The vote is to be taken
some time soon, and the friends of the
measure are sanguine of success.

Whether the new party which he fatower its principles from the
teachings of Clay, Webster, Calhour or
Getsaral LeDuc! and who he wished to know if he received a
Agricultural and Mechanical Society, to
be paid him for raising a fund for the
sin Stock Auxiliary Association and
his services as Secretary, when he made
no efforts to raise said fund?

They also do as Secretary of the State
Agricultural and Mechanical Society, to
be paid him for raising a fund for the
said to know if he received a
Agricultural and Mechanical Society, to
be paid him for raising a fund for the
state by all 500 as Secretary of the State
Agricultural and Mechanical Society, to
be paid him for raising a fund for the
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which commended the view made in
without the knowledge of the society,
which commended time for
the did not receive compensation, theat he did
not receive compensation, there for by
dividing the profits morellessly beaten, .It is not wonderful, however, that the associate of Qakes Ames, the bribed advocate for the Dia

and that they will show that reverence y overwhelmingly defeating the nomnee of rives, aggression and centraliza

The testimony in the Greenville and

Columbia Railroad case has been closed, and the second mortgage bondholders have clearly established the facts as set forth in the Masier's report, to the effect that the road was erroneously knocked down to Hon. W. C. Courtenay at the old of \$2,893,600, as Mr. Cummings bid a larber sum before the sale was closed. It is true that the Clyde syndicate also proved by a number of gentlemen that they did not hear the higher bid, but that is negative testimony, and cannot avail unless the testimony of those witnesses who assert that they heard the higher bid is disbelieved. In this case their testimony cannot be disbelieved, and hence it is pretty safe to several reasons for the Judge to rise and cannot avail unless the testimony cannot be disbelieved, and hence it is pretty safe to predict that the sale will either be confirmed at the second bid of \$2,930,000, or a resale of the property ordered. It is well work the last price, and it is but justice to the recond result is several reasons for the Judge to rise and explain."

While I am greatly obliged to you for the kindly suggestion, that I should "rise and explain," you will permit me to say, it is a matter of perfect indifference to me as to what construction the "State". believed, and hence it is pretty safe to

The Georgia Democrats are too strong to appreciate the value of harmony and unity. At their State Convention last week they failed to make any nomination for Governor by reason of a fierce and uncompromising fight for and against Gov. Colquitt. The Convention very unfortunately adopted the two-thirds rule, and found itself in the situation of having, after thirty-eight ballots, two having, after thirty-eight ballots, two having, and of the convention to the Legislature—and this will ever be so, unless, per chance, they should think or tell the truth on me. The Democratic party, certainly, has many sins, both of commission and omission to answer for, and I indulge the hope that the "State exchanges" will, at an early day, discover that they would be acting in go.... "taste" and sound "discretion" to call it to account for its misdoings and short comings before they undertake to arraign private citizens. hundred and fifteen votes for Colquitt, with one hundred and thirty-five against him and distributed between Lester, Hardeman and Gartrell. This left Colquitt about twenty votes short of the necessary two-thirds, and the feeling had ecome so intense that the minority would not come to the majority and the majority would not yield to the minority. As a consequence the Convention could not agree upon a candidate for Governor, and proceeded to nominate the balance of the State ticket without much difficulty. The majority then presented the name of Gov. Colquitt, and the minority He is about old enough to begin learning, that of Hon. Thus. N. Norwood. There are, therefore, two Democratic candidates for Governor in that State. It is, however, not difficult to forecast the result, as Gov. Colquitt will undoubtedly be re-

elected by an overwhelming majority.

is the Columbia Register, do not seem to realize the anomaly in which the Su-prome Court is piaced by the contest between Judge Willard and Gov. Simpson for the Chief Juggiceship. There is no Judge on the Court who can sit upon the trial of the cause except Mr. Associate Justice McIver. Judge Willard of course cannot sit upon the trial, because he is a party to the suit, nor can Judge McGowan sit in the trial, for he is an interested party, from the fact that he really the opening of the campaign in Anderson County, and it will be a grand success. Our people best to the campaign in for a term of six years. It is a cleated to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Justice Hask-ell, so that if Judge Willard was elected for a term of six years. was elected to fill the vacancy occasioned for a term of six years Judge McGowan was also, and while Judge McGowan does not contend for such a tenure, it would be manifestly indelicate for him to participate in the adjudicature of the name the lawyers to act to Supreme Court Judges in the trial of the case, and hence Col. Jeter, the President of Gen, R. R. He-sphill, in declining to the Senate, will have to qualify as Govseems to many of the lawyers of the and | meantime, however, it will be about as

AIKEN AND WALLACE.

The Congressionalerace in this District is pretty well settled, but still it is not free from asperity. Col. Wm. Wallace is after Col. Aiken, and seems disposed to make some personal issues in the following card to the Columbia Register. which Col. Aiken may feel called upon to answer, and thus we may be lookers

State expect Anderson to be up to her past record, and they must not be disappointed. We ought to have fully ten thousand persons here on that day.—
Every man, woman and child in the County should be present to hear the distinguished speakers and start the campaign with upprecedented anthusiasm.

Abbeville County is abiaze with railroad excitement upon the proposed to do this by taxation. They have held a series of mentings along the proposed line, at which amenches were made by Col. R. E. Bowen of Fickens, Dr. W. G. Brown at Balton, and Riesers, R. R. Hemphill, W. K. Bradley, E. B. Gary, Wm. Hood, J. C. Maxwell, M. L. Bonnaus, Sr., M. L. White, and Judges Mc. Govan and Thompson, all in fayor of the Mr. In the last issue of the Columbia Reg. In the Distance of the Columbia Reg. In the last issue of the Columbia Reg. In the Distance of

The Hon. J. Proctor Knott.

Louisville, Kr., Aug. 26.

JUDGE COOKE, AGAIN. Judge Cooke soms to be at sea politically. A few months ago he was uncertain whether he was a Gary or a Hagood man, and now he seems to be uncertain whether he is a man at all or not, so far as politics is concerned. His late card withdrawing from the canvass for the Legislature was quite ambiguous so far as stating his position, and naturally invited comment from the State Press, which has evoked from him the following card:

GREENVILLE, S. C., Aug. 16, 1830.

Mr. Editor: The following article appeared in your issue of this date, viz:

"Several of our State exchanges are

justice to the second mortgage bondholders that the second bid should stand.

The Georgia Department and it is but
me as to what construction the "State exchanges" or "some of the people of
Greenville" may place upon my "card of
withdrawal" as a candidate for re-elec-

I am, very truly, TROMPSON H. COOKE.

We would like for the Judge to tell us what are the sins of omission and commission of which the Democratic party is guilty, and at the same time to tell us if any other party is likely to do any better. We are aware that the Judge is trying to dodge, but we would like for him to be man enough now to speak out his real sentiments. If the Democratic party is bad, tell us wherein it is so, and show us how it can be bettered. We apprehend that the worst feature about the party in Judge Cooke's eyes is that it will not elect him to office.

A CARD.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer : SIR-Since I have been nominated for Congress by the Convention of Anderson County, and my name favorably mentioned in some of the other counties composing the Third District, I feel that it is due to my friends that I should state that I cannot become a candidate for the position, on account of business arrangements that I have made, which will require me to change my residence to Greenville, ont of this Congressional District. I heartily thank my friends for their efforts in my behalf, and while I cannot serve them in this capacity, I can assure them that my efforts will always be for the maintenance and, supremacy be for the maintenance and supremacy of the Democratic party, which is to-day the bulwark of our liberty.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

Jas. L. Onn.

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

COLUMBIA, August 16, 1880.

COLUMBIA, August 16, 1880.

The following appointments for the Democratic State campaign were furnished to the press to-day. Meetings will be held as follows:

Columbia, Tuesday, September 7.
Anderson, Thursday, September 9.
Walhalla, Friday, September, 10.
Pickens, Saturday, September 11.
Greenville, Monday, September 13.
Spartanburg, Tuesday, September 14.
Union, Wednesday, September 15.
Newborry, Friday, September 17.
Laurens, Saturday, September 18. Newberry, Friday, September 17.

Laurens, Saturday, September 18.

Abbeville, Monday, September 20.

Edgefield, Wednesday, September 22.

Lexington, Thursday, September 23.

Winnsboro', Friday, September 24.

Chester, Saturday, September 25.

York, Monday, September 27.

Lancaster, Tuesday, September 28.

Chaterfield, Wednesday, Sept. 29.

Bennettsville, Friday, October 1.

Darlington, Saturday, October 2.

Marion, Monday, October 4.

Conwayboro', Wednesday, October 6.

Sumter, Friday, October 8.

Camden, Saturday, October 18.

Barnwell, Thursday, October 18.

Barnwell, Thursday, October 18.

Beaufort, Tuesday, October 18.

Beaufort, Tuesday, October 19.

Charleston, Thursday, October 21.

Georgetown, Saturday, October 21.

Georgetown, Saturday, October 23.

Kingstree, Monday, October 26.

Columbia, Thursday, October 26.

The Chief Justleeshin.

A correspondent of the New York Times writing from Columbia says:

"It has been learned in Columbia that Chief Justice Willard, to keep up appearances, will present his claim for two years more on the Supreme Bench to his associates, at the reassembling of the court September 1. It is needless to say that Judgea Melver and McGowan wilt declare the action of the Legislature legal, which will end the matter, and Gov. Simpson will step into Willard's shoes. Searctor Hampton's endeavors to secure the United States District Judgeship for Willard will come to naught, owing to the determined opposition of the Broad street legal fraternly. The latter despise Willard most heartily? and will never consent to his elevation to the Federal Bench. Col. Simonton is their choice should their preference be consult-

We venture to say that Justices McIver and McGowsn will decide the matter on its constitutionality and so that it
could not be gainsayed if subject to review by the tribunal of last resort in the
United States.

We chalt unver believe that any mere
political expediency could induce the
distinguished gentlemen sitting on the
Supreme bench to decide this matter
otherwise than upon its marks.

otherwise than upon its merits whatever might be the convequences.—Columbia Register.

Shot Through the Heart.

Bluford Workman, colored, deaf mute Bluford Workman, colored, deaf mute, was found dead in a collon patch near the roadside opposite Mr. Barnett Floyd's on Friday morning, having been killed the night previous. He was shot with a pistol of about fort, calibre; the itall entered below the right shoulder, passed through the heart and stopped just under the skin of the left breast, where it was taken out by Dr. Thompson. An inquest was held over the dear bady on Kriday and adjourned until Monday when a verdict was found that the deceased was killed by C. D. Burton in salf-fector. The deceased was twenty inter years old, and formerly belonged to Mr. Madison Workman. At the time of his death he was "he entroley of Mr. Charley Floyd Ma was a peacable and havriless negro. From what we College continue and the champion of the state of the pay horses should dry the visioner presentation of the temphile, and pursual that the Hom. J. Protor Knott was shot and mortally wounded this morning at that opuse which is more cansonant allows the core hypocritical and corrupt and mortally wounded this morning at Mount Washington, ten miles from hore, and harviles negative by J. W. Lewis, Greenback candidate for Congress. No particulars have been received. Great excitations prevails. The Congress is no time of the control of the contro

Senator Butler's Reply to Gen. Cash.

A reporter for the News and Courier called upon Senator Butler with a copy of Col. Cash's letter as it appeared in the National Republican, and inquired if he had anything further to say about it.

The Senator had not seen the note to the Postmaster at Washington, and when he had read it, smiled and remarked that he had never objected to the publication of the letter; on the contrary, was quite willing that it should be published. Col. Cash was entitled to have his say, and now that he had delivered himself, he hoped he would be in a happier frame of Cash was entitled to have his say, and now that he had delivered himself, he hoped he would be in a happier frame of mind. "But," said the Senator, "just how it could injure the Democratic party, I can not see, and therefore cannot understand why any paper should have refused to publish the letter on that account. If Col. Cash finds the Radical party more congenial—appearing from his note to have fallen out with the Democratic party—it is entirely proper for him to seek comfort in its ranks. Such a consummation appears to be in accordance with the 'eternal fitness of things."

Reporter.—Have you anything to say, General, in reply to the charges which Col. Cash brings against you?

Gen. Butler.—No, except to say that they are purely imaginary. Not a word of truth in any of them. Of course, I do not say whether his chafge, that I am a coward, is true or not. It is nover safe to pass judgment on any man's courage. I have seen some people terribly disappointed in that regard, and Col. Cash may find it so in this case, but we cannot always tell.

Reporter.—Have you ever had any moneyed transactions with him? What

Reporter.—Have you ever had any moneyed transactions with him? What

moneyed transactions with him? What does he mean by "the privilege of inserting your hands in his pockets," &c., &c. Gen. B.—Why, it means that the man is crazy or something worse. I never had a money transaction, or endeavored to have one with him in my life, nor any other business transaction. So he has drawn entirely on his imagination for this statement. Nor did I ever "piteously apply" to him about the "lottery," as he calls it. My own and Gen. Gary's connection with that business has been explained again and again, and was about the same as that of Gens. Beauregard and Early with the Louisiana lottery. The difference is, that theirs has been a success, ours was a stupendous failure. Our attempting such an enterprise, under the circumstances, was a piece of ineffable stupidity, but I had no occasion to apply piteously to Col. Cash or anybody else about it, and, therefore, his statement in regard to it is without foundation in fact. Like every man who makes such a mistake, I felt disgusted with myself about it, but I am not in the habit of complaining of sympathy being withheld as Col. Cash does in my case.

habit of complaining of sympathy being withheld as Col. Cash does in my case. Rep.—He says that you had "recently been branded in public as a liar, and only sought redress by returning the offensive epithet." Did such an occurrence ever take place?

Gen. B.—Never. There is not a word of truth in it. And I have only this to say as to that. If Col. Cash will produce one respectable or reputable

of truth in it. And I have only this to say as to that. If Col. Cash will produce one respectable or reputable man who will say that such a thing happened, if I do not prove that he lies I will make to him the most abject apology for any grievance, real or imaginary, that was ever made to man. And if he does not do so, where will he be? Oh, no, I have no objection to the publication of the letter. Very hard things have been said about me before, and I have survived them and trust I will survive this. There are some things that I might say about the publication of my letter, but I shall not do so now; nor shall I indulge in recriminations with Col. Cash, or throw mud at him, but leave him to his ewn conscience, which I hope will cause him to feel ashamed of his letter. He vanot in the "fetters of the law" when cay letter was written, to my knowledge, and they do not appear to chafe much now. I have nothing to retract of my letter, but cannot see why Col. Cash should feel specially aggrieved, as no more mention is made of him than others connected with the duel, unless the "cap fits him" better than others, for which I am not to blame. I only expressed my opinion about a public transaction in which a number of persons were engaged. Why, have I not the right to do that?

A Brutal Murder. Mr. D. M. Harrell, a quiet and inof-fensive citizen and merchant of Marion S. C., was most brutally murdered on Mon-day last about dark while on the way home from his store. The weapon used, as has been ascertained, was a heavy sharp instrument, (either an axe or a halchet), with which the top of Mr. Har-rell's head was completely split occur, the halchet), with which the top of Mr. Harrell's head was completely split open, the
brain being exposed, while another
horrible gash was made just below his
right eye. When found Mr. Harrell was
still breathing and weltering in his blood.
Physicians were summoned who did all
in their power to save him, but soon
after he was conveyed to his residence he
breathed his last in the presence of his
wife and seven small children. Meanwhile, the Sheriff, Trial Justice Evans,
and many eager citizens were busy seekwife and seven small children. Meanwhile, the Sheriff, Trial Justice Evans, and many eager citizens were busy seeking as trace of the murderer, the crime being at first shrouded in a horrible and seemingly impenetrable mystery. Adaline Goddard, a colored woman, told the officers that she had seen the assault, licard the blows, and Mr. Harrell's last agonized and piteous cry, and seen the murderer (whom she did not recognize) turn the street corner and run down by the Presbyterian Church. Her description of the ficeing person answered to the description of Ben. W. James, a negro school-teacher, and this, coupled with the fact that Ben very shortly after the killing approached Deputy Sheriff Wall at his residence from the back way and informed him of the killing, led to Ben's being suspected and arrested. The account of himself given by Ben in answer to questions asked by Maj. J. M. Johnson, who conducted the examination by the Sheriff's request, atrengthened the suspicion against him, and he was placed in jail. The next raorning shoe tracks were discovered in Mr. Wall's cottenfield leading from the Presbyterian Church to Wall's kitchen. These tracks were sound to tally precisely with the shoes worn by the prisoner. Later in the day blood was found upon a coat worn by him, and a carpet-bag with letters written in his name was found in a suspicious place. Other evidence strengthening the presumption of guilt has been adduced before the coroner's inquest, which was convened by Trial Justice Evans on Tuesday morning—Marion Merchant and Farmer.

Two More Arrests.

MARION, August 18.

Sufficient information was obbit ted

MARION, August 18.

Sufficient information was obtained last night to justify the arrest of Rid. and and Lewis immes as accomplices with their brother Ben James in the murder of Mr. D. M. Harrell. No direct or of Mr. D. M. Harrell. No direct or strong circumstantial proof was brought out to-day before the coroner's inquest, although it is believed that all three planned and carried out the murder. It will be at least another week before the inquest will be concluded, as the investigation is thorough and enhaustive, it being determined to sift the affair to the bottom and ascertain the motive for the crime, which yet remains a mystery.—The officers of the law are vigilant in their efforts to ferret out every possible clue that may lead to the conviction of the proper parties. The evidence angulast iten James, the one first arrested, leaves no doubt as to his guilt. It is believed that one of the brothers will turn State's eviconce and reveal the servets of the mysterious murder.

Spartanburg: At a meeting beld in Spartanburg on Saturday, a committee of three from each towarding in the county was appointed to submit a plan for the organization of an agricultural association for the county.

GARFIELD'S GUSH.

A Vigorous Wave of the Bloody Shirt— The New York Demonstration a Fallure.

New York, August 7.
The welcome Garfield at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, last night was a dismal allure as a political demonstration.—

failure as a political demonstration.—
There was something of a crowd but very little enthusiasm. Garfield alluding to the recent war said:

"Soon after the great struggle began we looked behind the army of white Rebels and saw 4,000,000 of black people condemned to toil as slaves for our enemies, and we found that the hearts of these 4,000,000 were God-inspired with the spirit of liberty and that they were our riends. We have seen white men betray the flag and fight to kill the Union, but in all that long dreary war we never saw a traitor in a black skin. Our prisoners escaping from the starvation of prisoners escaping from the starvation of prison, flying to our lines by the light of the north star never foared to enter a black man's cabin and ask for bread. In black man's cabin and ask for bread. In all that period of suffering and danger no Union soldier was ever betrayed by a black man or woman, and now that we have made them free, so long as we live we will stand by these black citizens.— We will stand by them until the sun of Liberty fixed in the firmament of the Constitution shall shine with equal rays upon every man, black or white throughout the Union, for fellow citizens, soldiers, in this there is all the beneficence of sternal justice, and by this we will stand forever. The great poet has said that in individual life we rise on the stepping-stones of our dead selves to stepping stones of our dead selves to higher things, and the Republic rises on the glorious achievements of its dead and living heroes to a higher and nobler national life. We must stand guard over our past as soldiers, patriots, and over our country as the common heritage of

Bets are freely offering here of five to three against Garfield, with no takers. A Fatal Affray in Laucaster.

At Mrs. Rosana Taylor's, in Flat Rock Township, on Friday last, Moses Lucus, better known as "Coot," was shot with a pistol and almost instantly killed by James Robertson. Mr. Lucus and a difficulty with his nephew, James Lucus, (in the morning) in which Mr. Dunbar Robertson took the part of the nephew. Later in the day Moses Lucus made an attack upon Dunbar Robertson, when his brother, James Robertson, fired five shots at Lucus, the last ball entering his left side between the hip bone and ribs, passing through his body. Lucus died in a few minutes. Robertson made his escape in the direction of Lancaster, and was seen last Friday afternoon three miles this side of Taxahaw. All the participants, except James Robertson, the miles this side of Taxahaw. All the participants, except James Robertson, the man who did the shooting, are reported to have been drunk on cider. Lucus was about 40 years of age; was a good soldier through the late war, and leaves a wife and two children. Robertson has a wife and four children, and was a nephew to the man whom he killed.

An inquest was held on Friday by Major J. Funderburk, and warrants issued for James Robertson and James Lucus. The latter was arrested as an accessory to the crime, there being testi-

accessory to the crime, there being testimony showing that he handed the pistol to Robertson. I e was lodged in jail on Sunday last. Robertson has not since been heard of.—Lancaster Ledger.

A Cold- Wave Coming.

NEW YORK, August 16.

A heavy frost and thin ice were reported this morning from many points in New York and New England. In Stony Clove, Ulster County, there was a slight fall of snow. The crops have been somewhat injured.

LAKE GEORGE.—At four c'cl sek this morning the mercury there in icated forty degrees.

morning the mercury there in icated forty degrees.

Danville, Va.—A furious han storm swept through the neighborhood of Vernon Hill, Halifax County, yesterday, coming from a northern direction, embracing a section of a country a mile and a half wide, and extending a great distance southward. The wind blew a terrific gale, and there was a heavy fall of rain. One planter had 100,000 hills of tobacco destroyed, and other planters lost large quantities.

Poughkeepsie.—There was a frost in the interior of the river counties this

POUGHKEEPSIE.—There was a frost in the interior of the river counties this morning. Mountain travelers report the mercury at 50 degrees, and fires not un-comfortable.

Gen. Grimes, of North Carolina, As-

RALEIGH, N. C., August 16.
Reliable information has just been received of the assassination of Gen. ceived of the assassination of Gen.
Bryan Grimes, on the 14th August, near
his home, in Pitt County. Rumor says
he was riding in a buggy along the highway when he was shot dead by some one
concealed in the bushes. The murderer
is supposed to have been a negro or white
man, against both of whom Gen. Grimes
was an important witness in an arson
case. The scene of the murder being
remote from telegraphic communication,
the particulars have not yet been obtained. Gen. Grimes was a very prominent citizen, and reached by his high
soldierly qualities the rank of MajorGeneral in the Confederate Army.

The Black Code. On Sunday last A. J. Clinton, colored, of Liberty Hill, sent a letter to Horace White (also colored) by his (Horace's) son. The letter was of an offensive nature, and ended by challenging him to a duel with pistols, at ten paces; and said he only wanted a chance to put two bullets through his darned heart. Now, Horace did not want the bullets put through his heart in that manner, so to prevent it he came to Camden on Monprevent it he came to Camden on Mon-day and had a warrant issued for Clin-ton's arrest for sending a challenge. He asserted his intention of seeing the affair through to the end.—Cumden Journal.

The First Bale of New Cotton.

The first bale of the new crop of South Carolina cotton was received here yesterday by the South Carolina Railroad. It was from Mr. (C. D. C. Adams, of Bamberg, Barnwell County, and was consigned to Messrs, Pelzer, Rodgers & Co., of our city. On sampling the bale it was found to have been prematurely glaned and packed and its mercantile value was much depreciated in consequence. — Charleston News, 18th inst.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

MRS. C. R. MURRAY WILL open her School for Young Landies on MONDAY, the 6th of Ser ember next, August 19, 1880, ... 6 B

"Old Crow" Whiskey. MR. JOHN O'DONNELL ITAS been granted the sole right to sell It the above brand of Whiskey in the Town of Anderson. IT IS THE BEST WHISKEY MADE.

F. W. WAGENER & CO., Charleston, S. C. Aug 19, 1889 0 3m

To Witnesses Jurors, &c. By order of the District Outer of the United States for the District Outer of the United State Orthono.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Adjourned Session of the August Term of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of South Carolina will be held in Greenville, in said District, on Wednesday, the ist day of Septembert, for the transaction of the usual business of the said Term. Juros, Defendants, Wilnesses and all parties concerned are hereby notified to attend.

E. M. SEASROOK,

O. D. C. U. S., S. C.

August 19, 1880 0 2

NOTICE FINAL SETTLEMENT The undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of Elijah Alexander, dec'd, hereby gives notice that he will apply to the Judge of Probate for Anderson County, on the 21st day of September, 1880, for a Final Settlement of said Estate and discharge from his office as administrator.

JOHN H. MAXWELL, Adm'r.
Aug 19,1880 6 5

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

ON SALEDAY IN SEPTEMBER next I will sell at public sale the HOUSE and LOT lately occupied by C. W. Volken-ing, situate on the Southeast corner of the Benson House Lot in the Town of Ander-son. Said Lot fronts 50x00 feet on Main street.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash; balance to be paid by 1st of March, 1831, with leave to anticipate payment. Purchaser to pay extra for all papers.

Assignee for C. W. Volkening.

THEFT

THE WERKLY SUN will be found a useful auxiliary by all who are earnestly working for the reform of the National Government. Believing that the evils which have so long beet the country can be cured only by a change of the party in power. THE SUN earnestly supports for President and Vice President, HANCOCK and ENOLISH.

In order that all those who sympathize with our purpose may most efficiently co-operate with us, we will send THE WERKLI SUN to clubs, or single subscribers, post paid, for twenty-five cents for the next three months. Address THE SUN, New York Cuy.

Report of the Town Council of Anderson, S. C.

DR. Taxes of 1879. Saloon License Fines imposed..... Horse and Cattle Fines \$4262 59

By paid Chief Marshal.... Blacksmithing...... Repairing Harness... Lumber Advertising and Printing. New Pump and Hose. And Cares.

Lamp Burners.

Tinware and Work.

Hardware

Paints, Oils and Drugs.

Repairs on Guard House Lot.

Repairs on Market House.

Nails. ew Desk. tepairs on old Wagon. lire of Wagon. ew Wagon. ing Deeds Damages to a Horse Witness...

Expenses of Witness in ferry case...

Attorneys' Feez...

Expenses of Town Election...

For miscellaneous articles.....

Tax worked out.
Taxes remitted...
Taxes uncollected... Fines worked out. 101 50 \$3727 05 .. 535 54 By balance ..

\$4202 59

J. Thos. C. Ligon, Town Clerk, do hereby certify that the foregoing report of the Town Council for the year eading the 16th day of August, 1880, is correct and true.

Given under my hand and the corporate seal, this the 16th day of August, Seal, this the 16th day of August, Seal, this the 16th day of August, Thos. C. LIGON, Town Clerk and Treasurer.

Aug 19, 1830 6 1

FOUND

A REMEDY THAT IS A SURE and EFFE tupl cure for all diseases of the Blood, Ski Scrof', cancer in its worst form, White Swellin Catarch of the Womb and all Chronic Sores, a matter how long standing, we guarantee a cure our remedies are used according to directions. Smith's Scrofula Syrup

-AND-STAR CURINE.

With these two Medicines combined, we have ured hundreds of cases of the different diseases

Smith's Screfula Syrap Is an internal remedy, one of the best blood puri era now known to the American people. STAR CURINE

Is an exter-hair romedy; by applying it on the outside and taking Sorith's Scrotula Syrup, your case will be easy to cure. If you will call on or address us we will take pleasure in absuring you knowledge or certificates from parties living in this State that you are well acquainted with, that have been cured sound and well by using Star Curine and Smith's Scrotula Syrup. If you are affilieted with any of the above mentioned diseases do not think your case will get well without treatment. Do not delay, The sooner you get to using our two remedies, the sooner you will be restored to health and happings.

Read the following certificate:

Messra. Daniel & Marsh, 13 Kimball House, Alliants:

Gentlemen.—This is to certify that we have tried smith's Serotola Syrup in acroral old chronic cases of catarrh, cancer, sore legs, etc., and we cheerful yrecommend it to the public as the book, safest and most reliable files of furrier that can be used for all diseases for which it is recommended.

Respectfully,

Respectfully,

R. Harraan & Co. Read the following certificate:

All communications should be addressed to Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, 13 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga. For sale by Dr. T. A. Hudgons, Hones Path, S.C. and Revers & Clinkscales, Williamston, S. C. and J. R. Williamston, S. C. and J. R. Williamston, S. C. & Em

THE FALL TERM OF THE Carolina Collegiate Institute (For Boys and Girls,)

WILL open GEPT, 6th, 1880. Tuition
per Term—\$4, \$5, \$8, \$10 and \$12.
Board, exclusive of washing, \$5 to \$10 per
month, according to the number of days
per week the pupil is boarded. Entrence
ice, 25c. W. J. Lition, Principal.
August 12, 1880

Seven Valuable Cows for Sale AT RIVOLI PLANTATION, (John B. Adger, Jr.s., near Pendicton. Three of them with young calves,
JAMES A. PRICE,
Manager. August 5, 1890 4 A

NOTICE.

ALL parties desiring to purchase the ONLY GENUINE HALL GIN, FEED. ER and CONDENSERS, manufactured by S. Z. HALE, Little Rock, Arkansas, will please apply to J. BAYLIS LEWIS, Auderson, S. C.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

FOR THE

MONTH OF AUGUST AT THE

PARIS STORE!

FROM this day on until the first of September my entire Stock of SUMMER GOODS will be offered at REAL New York FIRST COST:

200 Pieces Prints at 5c. per yard.

20 Pieces Victoria Lawn at 10, 12 and 15c.

60 Pieces Pique at 5c.

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING way under Cost. Ladies' and Gents' STRAW HATS at a great sacrifice.

> A. LESSER, PARIS STORE.

Anderson, S. C., August 5, 1880.

AGRICULTURAL ENGINES. 'THE TOZER," AND "WOOD, TABOR & MORSE,"

FOR THE GINNING SEASON.

"The Taylor," "Cotton Bloom," and "Patent Steel Brush"

COTTON GINS

ON REASONABLE TERMS and at bottom prices. Now is the time to give in your orders. The best COTTON PRESSES, and in fact everything in the AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY line sold by us. EXTRAS for the Tozer

Prices of Best 8-ply Standard Rubber Belting, per foot:

2½ inch. 4 inch. 6 inch. 6 inch. 7 inch..

16c. 22c. 27c. 30c. 35c.

Any width can be had of us on short notice.

Best Oil Tanned LACE LEATHER, RUBBER HOSE, GUM AND TOW PACKING at prices as low as any house within the State. As to RUBBER and LEATAER BELTING, we will beat any prices that the buyer can give us.

Always remember that our stock of

General Merchandise is Complete.

SULLIVAN & MATTISON, CENTENNIAL BUILDING.

August 5, 1880 1000 BUSHELS. 1000 BUSHELS.

One Thousand Bushels of Pure Unmixed

RED RUST PROOF SEED OATS FOR SALE BY

REED, MOORHEAD & CO., No. 7 Granite Row.

We also keep a Full Line of

Staple Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., WHICH we offer to the public at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. Give us a call before purchasing.

REED, MOORHEAD & CO. No. 7 Granite Row, Anderson, S. C.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.,

TAKE this opportunity to inform their friends and customers that they will offer inducements in prices of Goods from now until the 21st of August, in order to reduce

A. decements in prices of Goods from now until the 21st of August, in order to reduce our stock.

202—Two hundred and three Men and Boys' Hats for sale cheap.

Shoes and Esets—Persons in want of good Shoes will find it to their interest to examine our stock before buying. We make a specialty of Ladies' Fine Shoes—"Miles' Bay State"—and other brands of Shoes, that we warrant to be solid leather and not rip.

Greocries and Provisions—Fancy Groceries, among which you will find best Peach Preserves, Pio Fruit, Extracts, Raisins, Citron, &c., &c. Bacom, Lard, Hams, Corn, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, best Green, Black and English Breakfast Tea.

Hardware—A good assortment of Hardware. Fine Tools a specialty.

A good assortment of DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c. Headquarters for FINE SHIRTS. Give us a call.

Try our fine RO 'STED COFFEE. Try our fine TEAS. Try our Perce Preserves. Housekeepers will find with us a good assortment of Crockery, Chi:na and Glassware, Potware, Trays, Coffee Mills, Knives and Forks, Spoons, and many Aber thirgs needed by housekeepers. Bexter Feed Cutter—The best Feed Cutter in the market. Dexter Corn Sheller Call at No. 4 Granite Row on July 8, 1880

READY FOR SPRING AND JUMMER.

WE have laid in an immense stock of all kinds of Goods, which we will dispose of at the LOWEST PRICES for the Cart, or on Time to prompt paying customers. We keep on hand a large supply of

CENERAL MERCHANDISE. DRY GOODS, BOOTS and SHOFS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, WOODENWARE, LEATHER,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, And a thousand other articles too numerous to classify. Give us a call, as we are not to be undersold by any house in the up-country.

BARR & CO. NO. 10 GRANITE ROW, ANDERSON, S. C.

CASH.

CASH, CASH,

WE will sell Goods for Cash at the VERY LOWEST RATE, and as we sell only for CASH we can afford to give more for the same amount of money than if we had to run the risk of time sales. Our stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, &c.,

Is complete. We have just received a large lot of New Oleans Syrup, Bacon and Flour, Which we are selling very low. We take COUNTRY PRODUCE in harter, and pay the highest prices for it.

We have One Hundred Boxes of TOBACCO which we are selling very Cheap.

FANT & BRO.